

## PSV DH NOTTE, PSV DH NOTTE

Instrument: TE3-0060/01-14

Data format: 32 byte

Full scale [mV]: 51

Start recording: 04/09/17 20:34:09 End recording: 04/09/17 20:54:09

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST; UP DOWN

GPS location: 013°05.0660 E, 43°22.2654 N (445.8 m)

(UTC time synchronized to the first recording sample): not available in this acquisition mode + 0 + 0 samples

Satellite no.: 7

Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

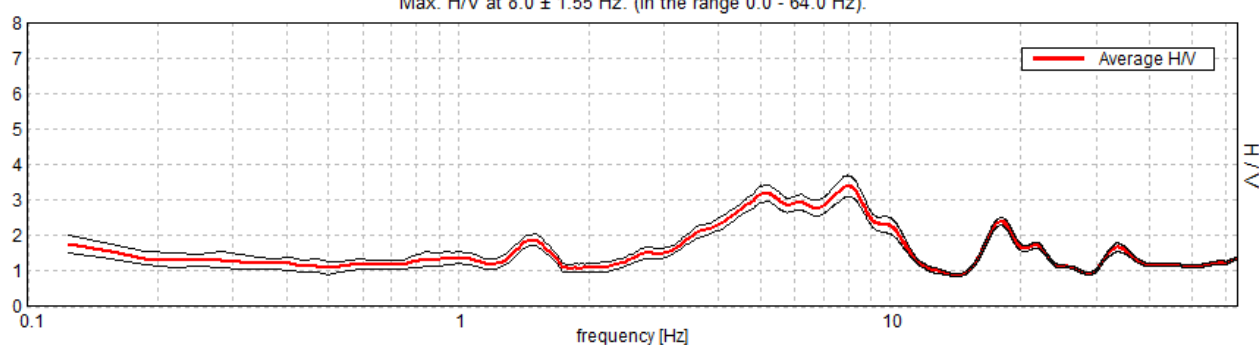
Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

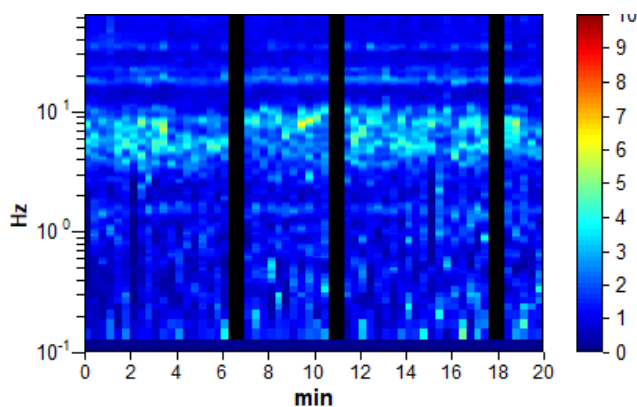
Smoothing: 10%

### HORIZONTAL TO VERTICAL SPECTRAL RATIO

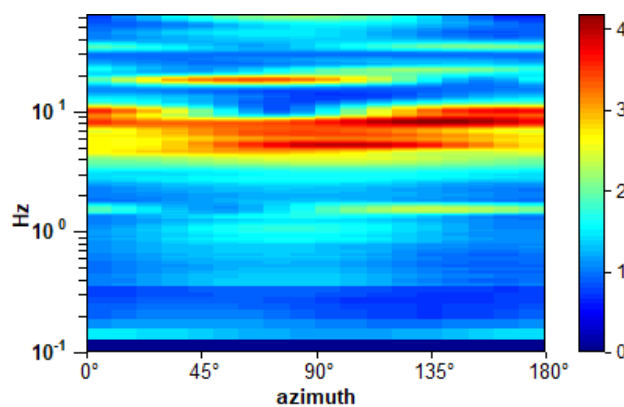
Max. H/V at  $8.0 \pm 1.55$  Hz. (In the range 0.0 - 64.0 Hz).



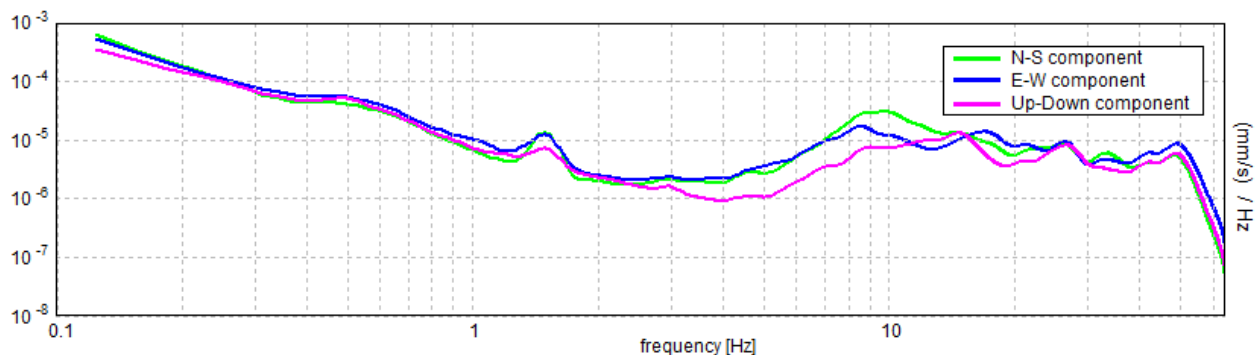
### H/V TIME HISTORY



### DIRECTIONAL H/V



### SINGLE COMPONENT SPECTRA



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

**Max. H/V at  $8.0 \pm 1.55$  Hz (in the range 0.0 - 64.0 Hz).**

### Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$8.00 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$8640.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 385 times	OK	

### Criteria for a clear H/V peak

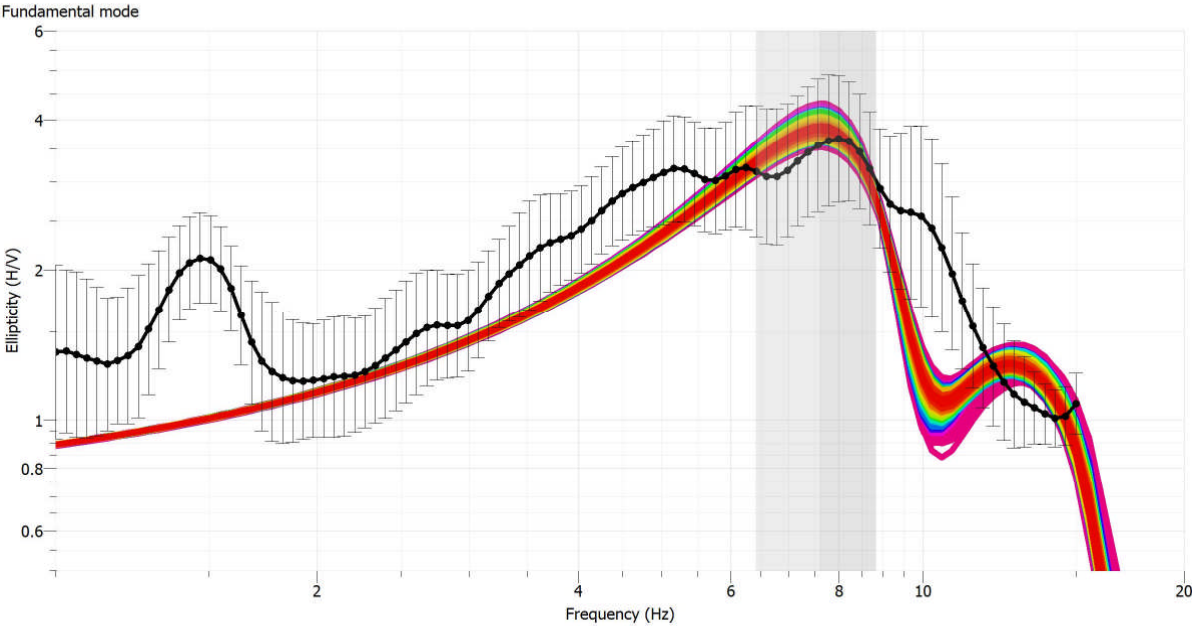
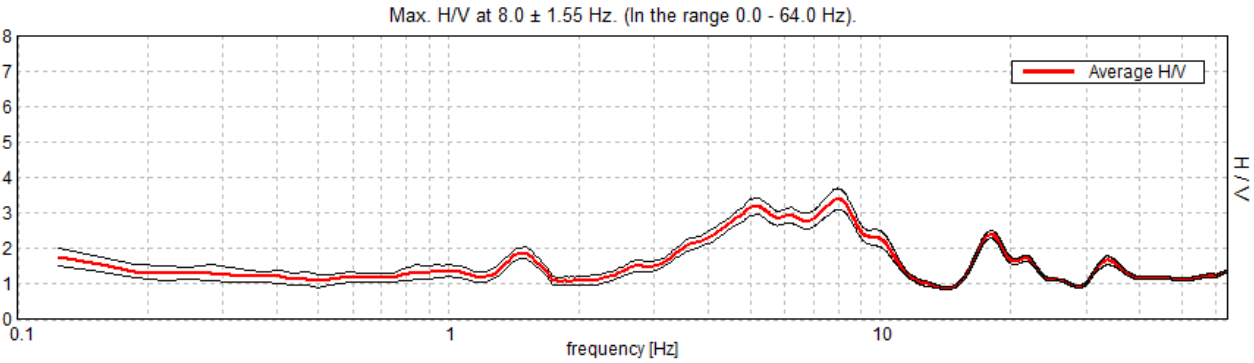
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists $f^-$ in $[f_0/4, f_0]$   $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	3.219 Hz	OK	
Exists $f^+$ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$   $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	10.938 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.39 > 2$	OK	
$f_{\text{peak}}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.19415  < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$1.55321 < 0.4$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.2944 < 1.58$	OK	

$L_w$	window length
$n_w$	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
$f$	current frequency
$f_0$	H/V peak frequency
$\sigma_f$	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
$A_0$	H/V peak amplitude at frequency $f_0$
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency $f$
$f^-$	frequency between $f_0/4$ and $f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
$f^+$	frequency between $f_0$ and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$ , $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

### Threshold values for $\sigma_f$ and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



POGGIO SAN VICINO – MASW1

Shot at (48, 0, 0), time=2017-10-04 00:00:00

